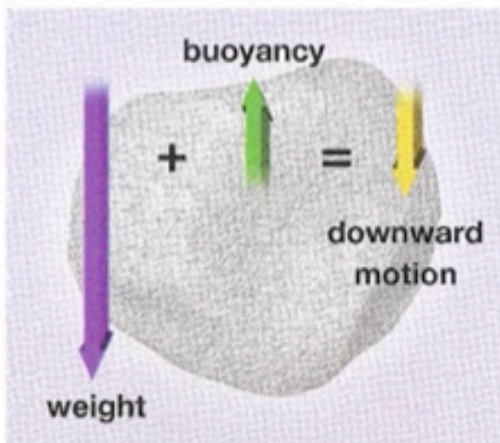


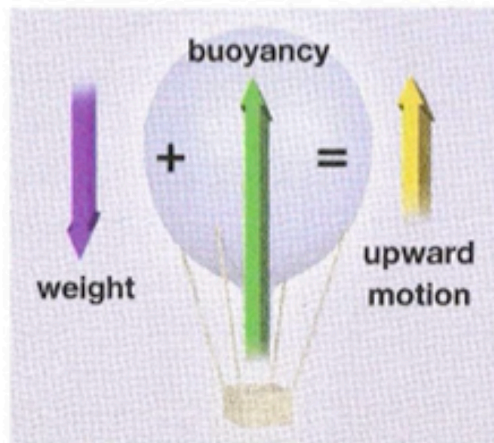
Buoyancy

OBJECTIVE 1: To be able to calculate buoyancy.

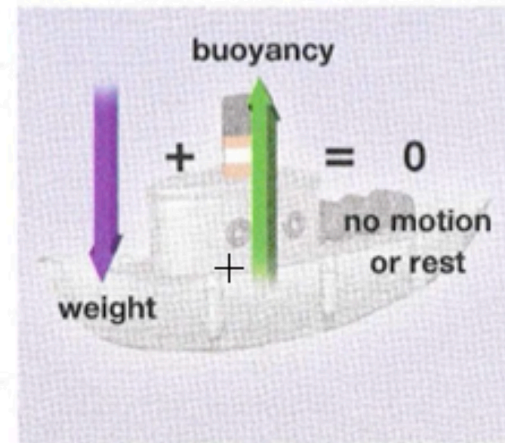
Buoyancy: an upward force exerted by a fluid (liquid or gas)



A Sinking, e.g., a rock



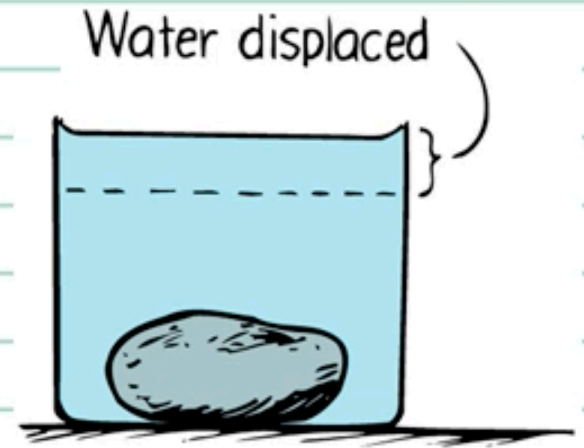
B Rising, e.g., a helium balloon



C Floating, e.g., a boat



Buoyancy = **weight** of fluid **displaced**

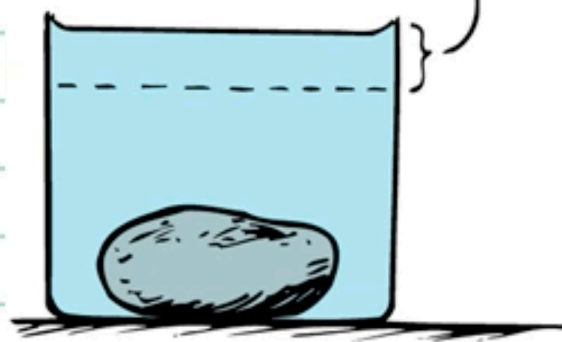


Copyright © 2008 Paul G. Hewitt, printed courtesy of Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Addison Wesley

Buoyancy = **weight** of fluid **displaced** Water displaced

F_g or $W = \text{density} \times \text{volume} \times \text{acceleration due to gravity}$

kg/cm^3 cm^3 (or mL) 9.8 m/s^2



Copyright © 2006 Paul G. Hewitt, printed courtesy of Pearson Education Inc., publishing as Addison Wesley

Buoyancy = **weight** of fluid **displaced**

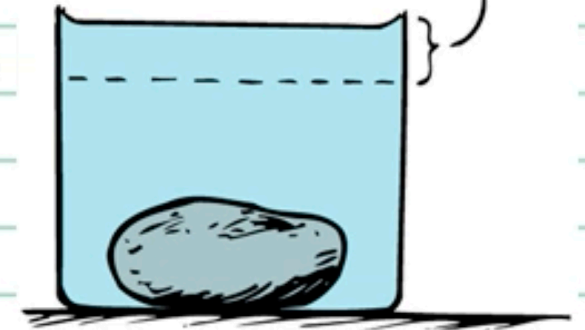
Water displaced

F_g or $W =$ **density** x **volume** x acceleration due to gravity

kg/cm^3

cm^3 (or mL)

9.8 m/s^2



Copyright © 2008 Paul G. Hewitt, printed courtesy of Pearson Education Inc., publishing as Addison Wesley

$$F_{\text{Buoyant}} = dVg$$

The density of water is 1 g/cm^3 or 0.001 kg/cm^3

1L of water has a **mass of 1 kg**.

Buoyancy = **weight** of fluid **displaced** → Water displaced

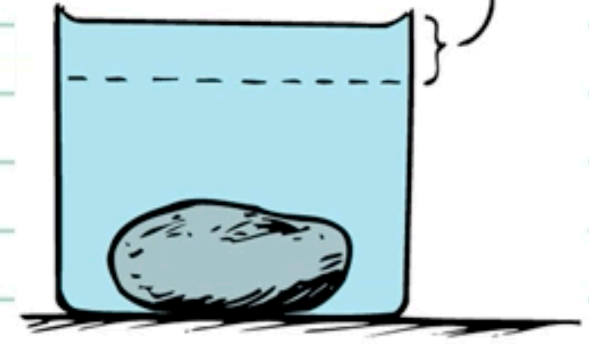
F_g or $W = \text{density} \times \text{volume} \times \text{acceleration due to gravity}$

Buoyancy%20video.mp4

kg/cm³

cm³ (or mL)

9.8 m/s²



Copyright © 2006 Paul G. Hewitt, printed courtesy of Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Addison Wesley

$F_{\text{Buoyant}} = dVg$

The density of water is 1 g/cm³ or 0.001 kg/cm³

1L of water has a mass of 1 kg.

Ex: The rock displaced 100 mL of water. What is the buoyant force on the rock?

1. You put a piece of wood in water. It displaces 2L of water. What is the buoyant force?
What is the weight of the wood piece?

Buoyancy%20video.mp4